WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A composition suitable for treating hair comprising:
 - a) an oxidizing agent; and
 - b) a chelant (L) having a $\frac{\log K_{CuL}}{\log K_{CaL}}$ ratio calculated at pH 10 of at least about

3.20;

wherein log $K_{\hbox{CuL}}$ is the common logarithm of the Conditional Stability Constant of said chelant with \hbox{Cu}^{2+} and log $K_{\hbox{CaL}}$ is the common logarithm of the Conditional Stability Constant of said chelant with \hbox{Ca}^{2+} .

- 2. A composition according to claim 1, wherein said chelant has a Hydrogen Peroxide Decomposition Ratio (% Loss) of less than about 3.5% as measured by the Hydrogen Peroxide Decomposition Ratio Measurement Protocol, as described herein.
- 3. A composition according to claim 1, wherein said chelant forms a hexadendate complex with Cu^{2+} .
- 4. A composition according to claim 1, wherein the pH of the composition is between about 8 and about 12.
- 5. A composition according to claim 1, wherein said composition is in the form of an oil-inwater emulsion.
- 6. A composition according to claim 1, wherein said composition is in the form of a thickened aqueous solution.
- 7. A composition according to claim 1, wherein said oxidizing agent is present at a level of from about 0.1% to about 40% by weight of said composition and is selected from water-soluble oxidizing agents and mixtures thereof.

- 8. A composition according to claim 7, wherein said oxidizing agent comprises hydrogen peroxide.
- 9. A composition according to claim 1, wherein said chelant is present at a level of from about 0.01% to about 10% by weight of said composition.
- 10. A composition according to claim 1, further comprising at least one oxidative hair dye precursor.
- 11. A method of treating hair, said method comprising the steps of:
 - i) contacting hair with a first composition comprising a chelant (L) having a $\frac{\log K_{CuL}}{\log K_{CaL}}$ ratio calculated at pH 10 of at least about 3.20; and
 - ii) contacting hair with a second composition comprising an oxidizing agent immediately after step i);

wherein $\log K_{CuL}$ is the common logarithm of the Conditional Stability Constant of said chelant with Cu^{2+} and $\log K_{CaL}$ is the common logarithm of the Conditional Stability Constant of said chelant with Ca^{2+} .

- 12. A method of treating hair, said method comprising the steps of:
 - i) contacting hair with a first composition comprising an oxidizing agent;
 - ii) contacting hair with a second composition comprising a chelant having a

 $\frac{\log K_{CuL}}{\log K_{CaL}}$ ratio calculated at pH 10 of at least about 3.20; and

iii) contacting hair with a third composition comprising a second oxidizing agent;

wherein steps i) and iii) are separated by at least 1 day and step ii) does not take place immediately before step iii); and

wherein log $K_{\hbox{CuL}}$ is the common logarithm of the Conditional Stability Constant of said chelant with \hbox{Cu}^{2+} and log $K_{\hbox{CaL}}$ is the common logarithm of the Conditional Stability Constant of said chelant with \hbox{Ca}^{2+} .

13. A kit for dyeing hair comprising a first and a second compositions packaged in different containers, wherein said first composition comprises an oxidizing agent and said second

composition comprises an oxidative dye precursor, wherein the resulting mixture of said first and second compositions is a composition according to claim 10.

- 14. A method of dyeing human hair, said method comprising the steps of:
 - i) mixing the first and second composition of a kit according to claim 13;
 - ii) contacting hair with the mixture obtained on step i);
 - iii) massaging said mixture into hair;
 - iv) retaining said mixture on the hair for an amount of time sufficient for mixture to dye the hair;
 - iv) rinsing off said composition with water.